

# Advanced Networking Topics: BGP, BGP Hijacking, MPLS, MPLS-based VPNs, Segment Routing, and others

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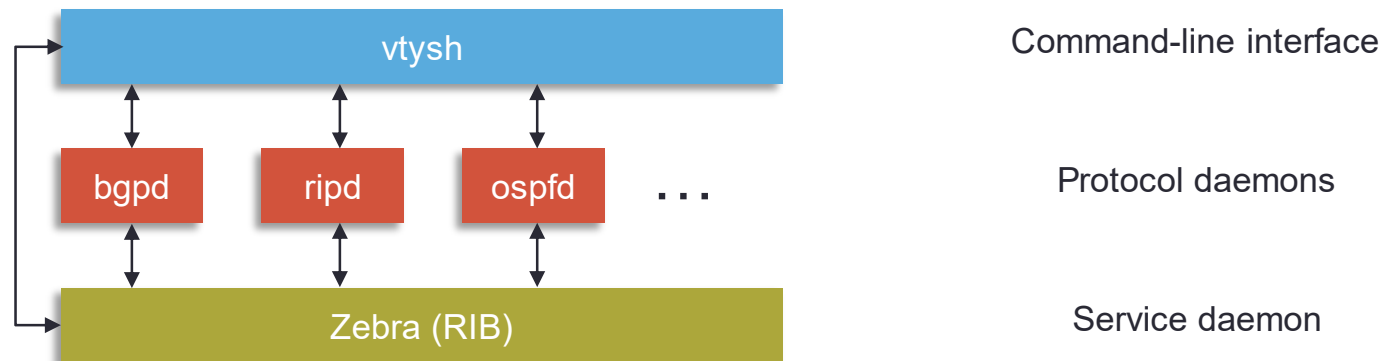
# Introduction to FRR

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Lab activities are described in Lab 2, BGP Lab Series

# What is FRR?

- FRR is an open source routing protocol stack<sup>1</sup>
- The configuration is similar to other vendors
  - Command-line shell and configuration file
- Protocols are implemented as independent processes
- Zebra is the process that controls the routing information base (RIB)



<sup>1</sup>FRRouting website, <https://frrouting.org>

# FRR and Mininet Integration

- Mininet provides network emulation, allowing all network software at any layer to be simply run as is
- The set of commands provided by FRR are inherited and can be run using Mininet's command-line interface

```
Host: r2
root@frr-pc:/etc/routers/r2# zebra
root@frr-pc:/etc/routers/r2# staticd
root@frr-pc:/etc/routers/r2# ripd
root@frr-pc:/etc/routers/r2# ospfd
root@frr-pc:/etc/routers/r2# bgpd
root@frr-pc:/etc/routers/r2# vtysh

Hello, this is FRRouting (version 7.2-dev).
Copyright 1996-2005 Kunihiro Ishiguro, et al.

frr-pc#
```



# Lab Topology

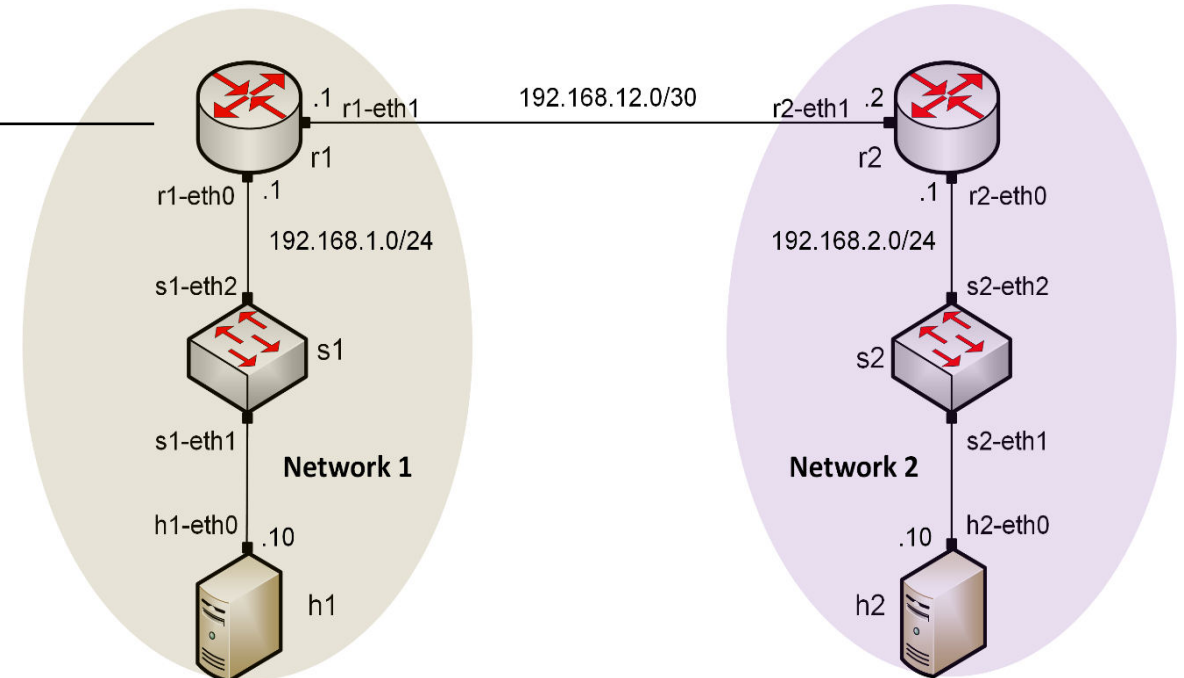
- Two hosts: h1 and h2; two switches: s1 and s2; two routers: r1 and r2
- Static routing is configured on both routers so that the hosts can ping

```
Host: r1
root@frr-pc:/etc/routers/r1# zebra
root@frr-pc:/etc/routers/r1# staticd
root@frr-pc:/etc/routers/r1# vtysh

Hello, this is FRRouting (version 7.4-dev).
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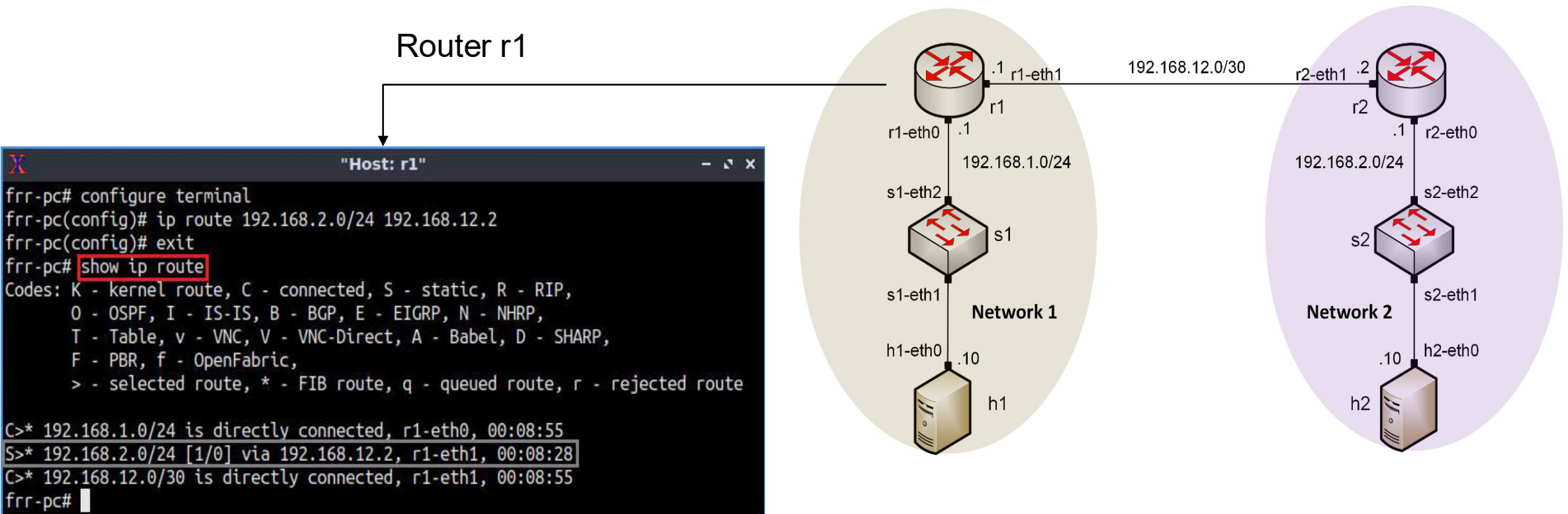
frr-pc# configure terminal
frr-pc(config)# ip route 192.168.2.0/24 192.168.12.2
frr-pc(config)#
```

Router r1



# Routing Table

- After configuring static routing, the routing table of router r1 will know how to reach the network 192.168.2.0/24



# Routing Table

- After configuring static routing, the routing table of router r2 will know how to reach the network 192.168.1.0/24

Router r2

```
Host: r2
frr-pc# show ip route
Codes: K - kernel route, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP,
O - OSPF, I - IS-IS, B - BGP, E - EIGRP, N - NHRP,
T - Table, v - VNC, V - VNC-Direct, A - Babel, D - SHARP,
F - PBR, f - OpenFabric,
> - selected route, * - FIB route, q - queued route, r - rejected route
S>* 192.168.1.0/24 [1/0] via 192.168.12.1, r2-eth1, 00:06:06
C>* 192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, r2-eth0, 00:07:33
C>* 192.168.12.0/30 is directly connected, r2-eth1, 00:07:33
frr-pc#
```

