





Lab 2: Calculating Packets Interarrival Times using Hashes and Registers



Samia Choueiri, Elie Kfoury
University of South Carolina (USC)
https://research.cec.sc.edu/cyberinfra



University of South Carolina (USC)
The Engagement and Performance Operations Center (EPOC)
Minority Serving - Cyberinfrastructure Consortium (MS-CC)

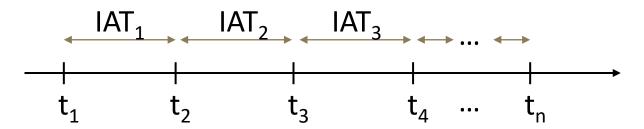
Hands-on Workshop on Science DMZ and P4-DPDK Thursday, April 17, 2025.

Calculating Packets Interarrival Times using Hashes and Registers

Lab activities are described in Lab 5, P4-DPDK Security lab series

Interarrival Times

 The Interarrival time (IAT) is the time between two consecutive packets belonging to the same flow



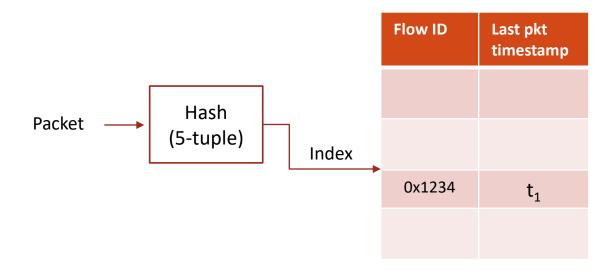
Hashing in P4

- The Interarrival time (IAT) is the time between two consecutive packets belonging to the same flow
- A flow can be identified by its 5-tuple fields:
 - Source IP address
 - Destination IP address
 - Source port
 - Destination port
 - Protocol

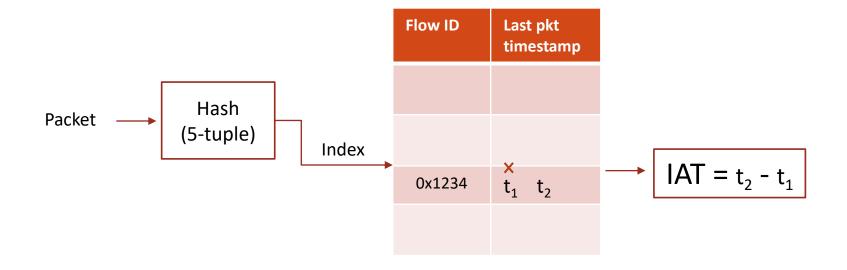
IAT Calculation in P4



IAT Calculation in P4



IAT Calculation in P4



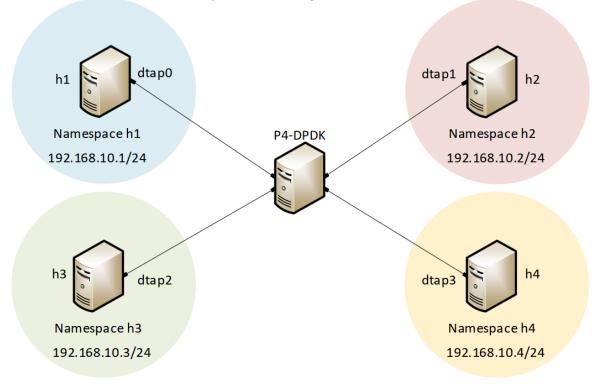
Lab Topology and Objectives

- Four network namespaces, h1, h2, h3 and h4 are linked to the the P4-DPDK pipeline
- The hosts h1 and h3 send packets with a custom header (interarrival)
- A flow is identified by the source and destination IP of the packet
- The P4-DPDK pipeline computes the IAT and inserts its value into the custom header
- Hosts h2 and h4 receive packets from hosts h1 and h3, respectively
- The IATs are shown on hosts h2 and h4
- Header:

interarrival

IPv4

Ethernet



Accessing the Platform

- •URL: https://netlab.cec.sc.edu/
- •Username: <Email address used for registration>
- Temporary Password: nsf-2025